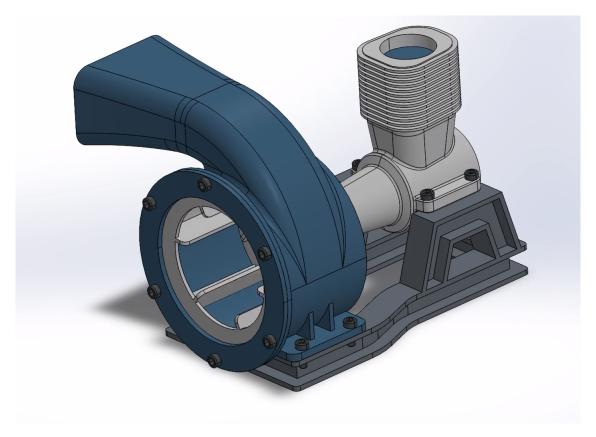


## ENGS241 Computer Aided Design - Homework 5

#### Mher Saribekyan A09210183

November 21, 2024

### Assembly (40 points)



## Transformation (60 points)

Given two disjoint curves P(u) and L(t), transform only L(t) so that you achieve curvature continuity,  $C^2$ , at point  $\mathbf{P_3}$  ( $\mathbf{P_3} = \mathbf{L_0}$ ).

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} \mathbf{P_0} & (15.6) & \mathbf{L_0} & (9.9) \\ \mathbf{P_1} & (10.5) & \mathbf{L_1} & (4.2) \\ \mathbf{P_2} & (5.6) & \mathbf{L_2} & (2.2) \\ \mathbf{P_3} & (12.15) & \mathbf{L_3} & (0.7) \end{array}$$

a) Find the given curve equations P(u) and L(t).

$$P(u) = \begin{bmatrix} 12\\6 \end{bmatrix} u^3 + \begin{bmatrix} 0\\6 \end{bmatrix} u^2 + \begin{bmatrix} -15\\-3 \end{bmatrix} u + \begin{bmatrix} 15\\6 \end{bmatrix}, u \in [0,1]$$

$$L(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} t^3 + \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix} t^2 + \begin{bmatrix} -15 \\ -21 \end{bmatrix} t + \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}, t \in [0,1]$$

b) Find the tangent vectors at  $P_3$  and  $L_0$ .

$$P'(1) = \begin{bmatrix} 21\\27 \end{bmatrix}, L'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -15\\-21 \end{bmatrix}$$

c) Describe the needed transformations, show the matrices for each of them, and find the final transformation matrix. Save the Excel sheet with your calculations in the assignment folder.

$$M_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -9 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ move } \mathbf{L_0} \text{ to the origin}$$

$$M_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{21}{15} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{27}{21} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ scale to make the tangent vectors match}$$

$$M_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, move the origin to  $\mathbf{P_3}$ 

$$[T] = M_3 M_2 M_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1.40 & 0 & 0 & 24.60 \\ 0 & -1.29 & 0 & 26.57 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

d) Find the parametric equation for the transformed curve.

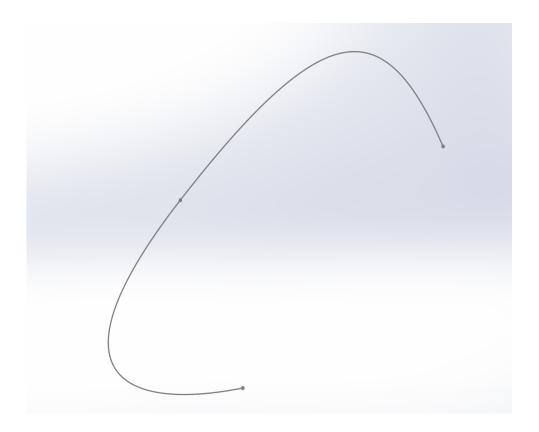
We find the four control points of the new curve and calculate the parametric function.

$$N_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 12\\15 \end{bmatrix}, N_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 19\\24 \end{bmatrix}, N_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 21.8\\24 \end{bmatrix}, N_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 24.6\\17.57 \end{bmatrix}$$

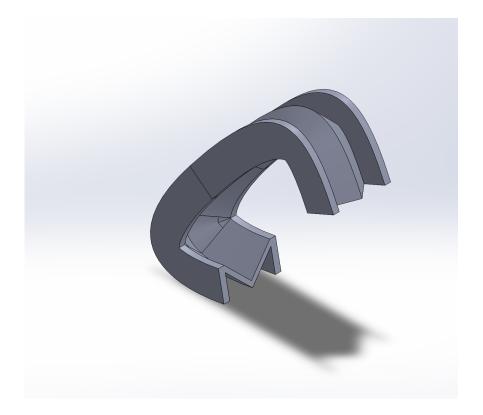
$$N(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 4.2\\2.57 \end{bmatrix}t^3 + \begin{bmatrix} -12.6\\-27 \end{bmatrix}t^2 + \begin{bmatrix} 21\\27 \end{bmatrix}t + \begin{bmatrix} 12\\15 \end{bmatrix}, t \in [0,1]$$

2

e) Use the found equations to sketch the combined curve in SolidWorks.



f) Use the combined curve as a path and sweep your initial along the curve.



# Light Bulb (10 bonus points)

Some sketches were not properly constrained, hence my model may differ from given model.

