

ANCIENT ROMAN

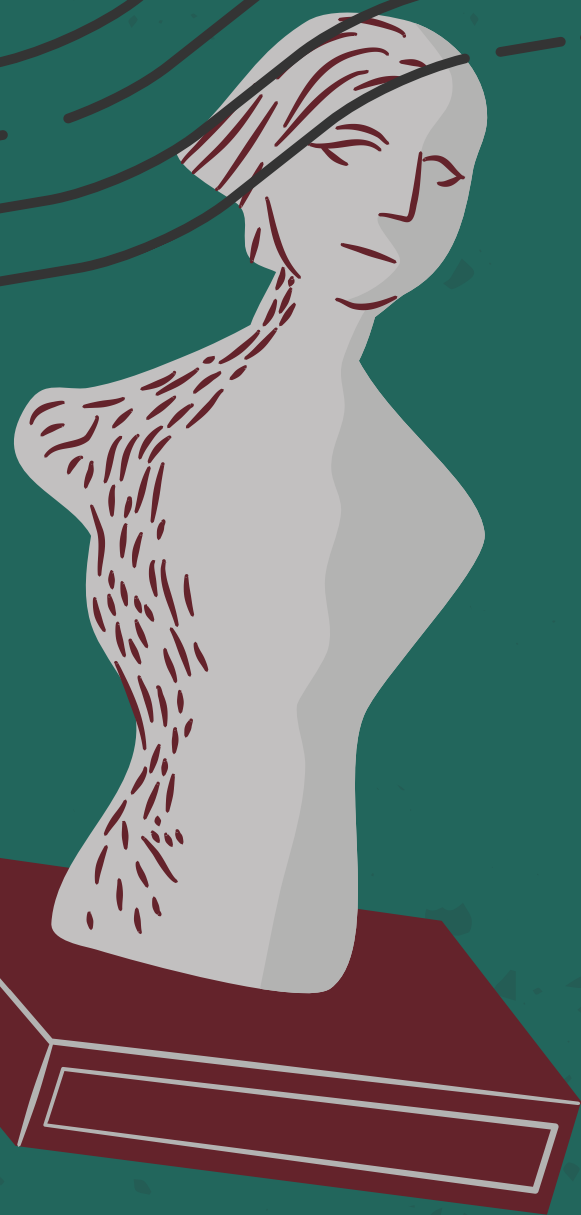
Triumphal Arches



Mher Saribekyan | 14 February 2024

Triumphal Arches

- unique architecture
- commemoration of victories
- celebrate significant public events





"To the Emperor Caesar Flavius Constantinus, the Greatest, pious, fortunate, the Senate and people of Rome, by inspiration of divinity and his own great mind with his righteous arms on both the tyrant and his faction in one instant in rightful battle he avenged the republic, dedicated this arch as a memorial to his military victory"

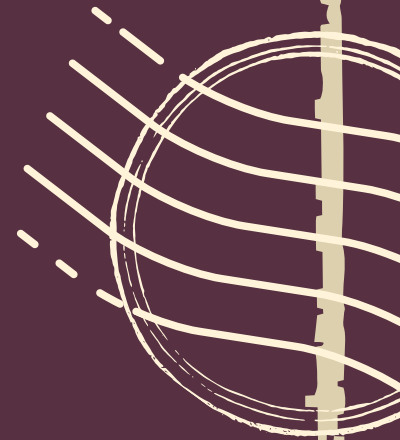
Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.



Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.



Emperor Marcus Aurelius
161-180 C.E



Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.

Roundels

Emperor Hadrian
117–138 C.E



Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.

- porphyry
- hunts
- sacrifices



Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.



Constantine's troops

Maxentius's troops

South side: Siege of Verona

Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.



Battle of Milvian Bridge



Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.

Incised sculptures



Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.

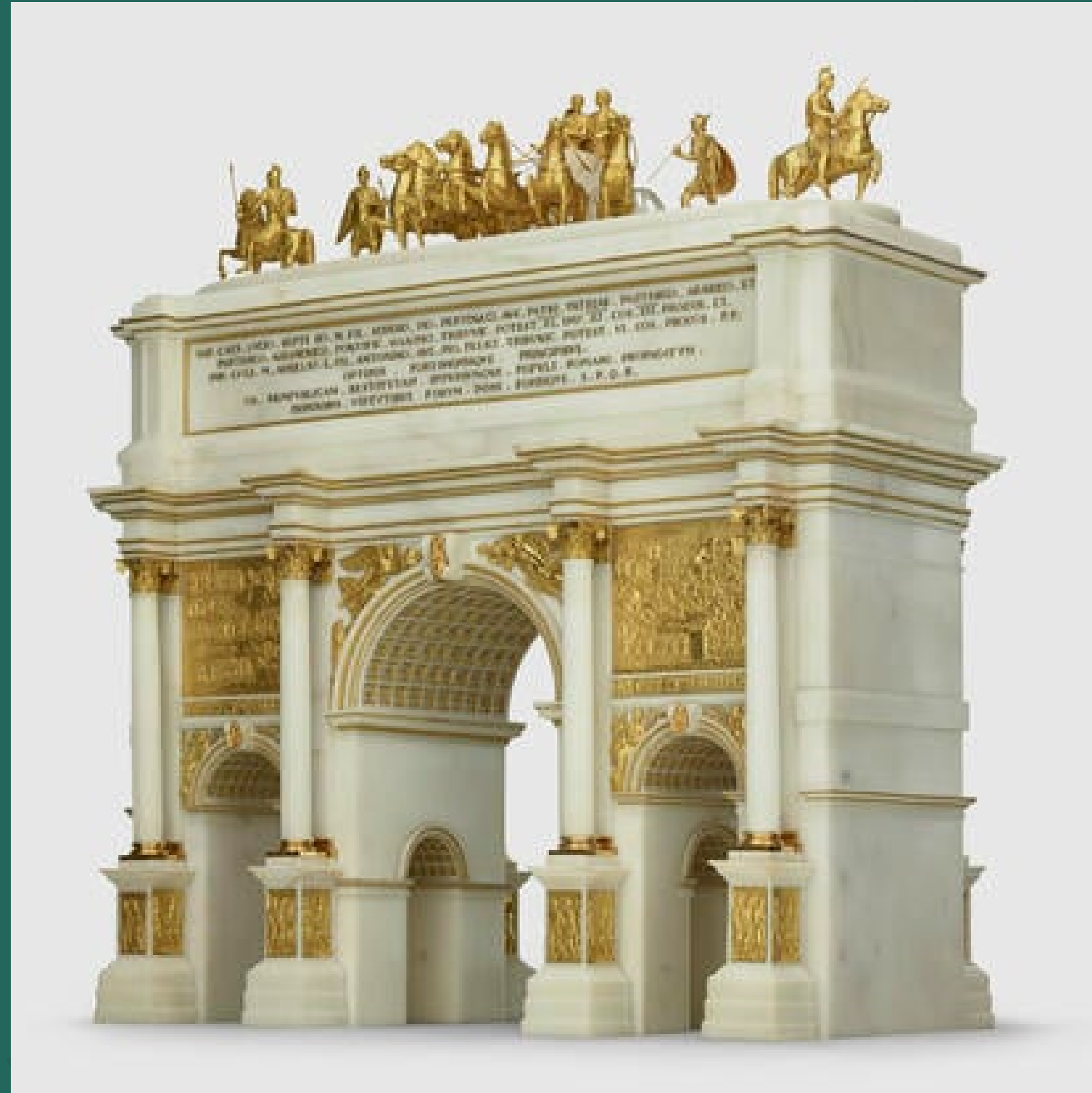


Arch of Constantine, 315 C.E.



“To the emperor Caesar Lucius Septimius Severus Pius Pertinax Augustus Parthicus Arabicus Parthicus Adiabenicus, son of Marcus, father of his country, Pontifex Maximus, in the eleventh year of his tribunician power, in the eleventh year of his rule, consul thrice, and proconsul, and to the emperor Caesar Marcus Aurelius Antoninus Augustus Pius Felix, son of Lucius, in the sixth year of his tribunician power, consul, and proconsul (fathers of their country, the best and bravest emperors), on account of the restored republic and the rule of the Roman people spread by their outstanding virtues at home and abroad, the Senate and the People of Rome (sc. dedicate this monument)”

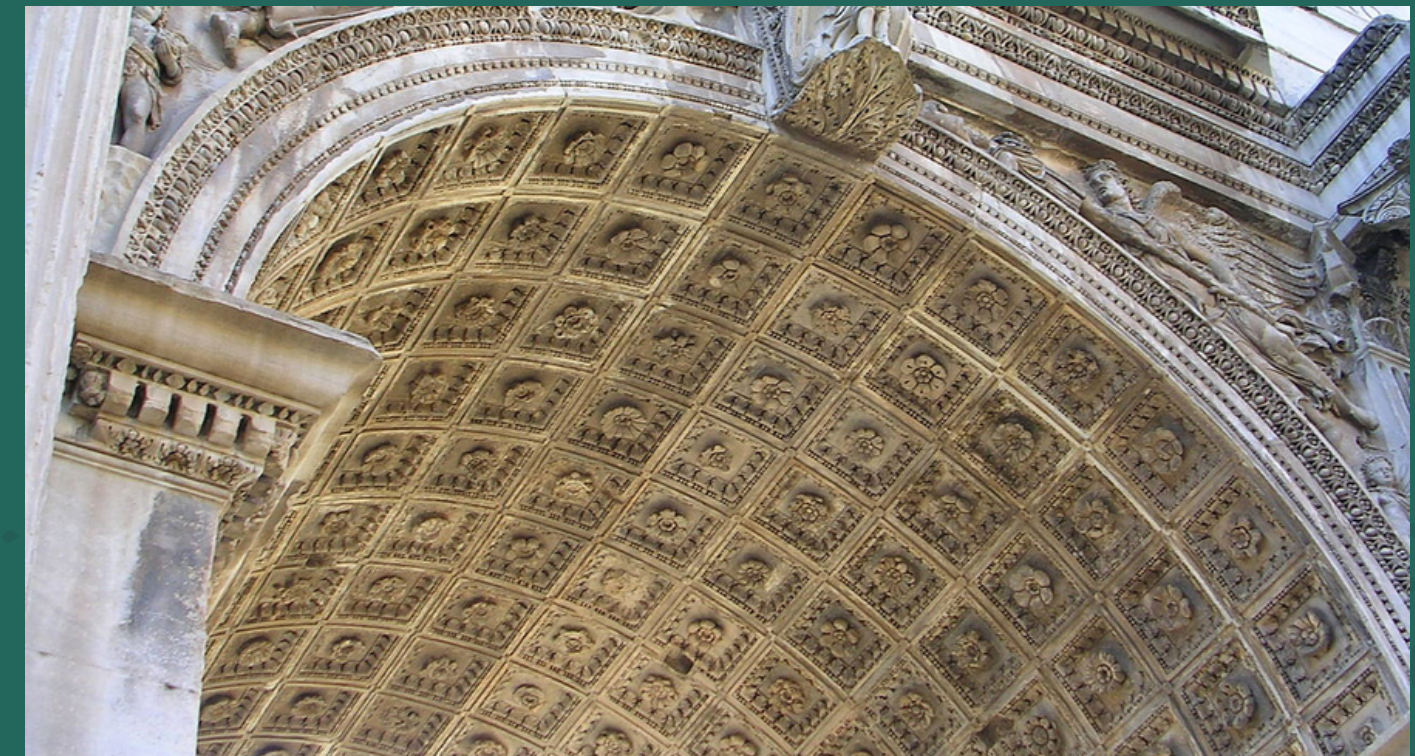
Arch of Septimius Severus, 203 C.E.



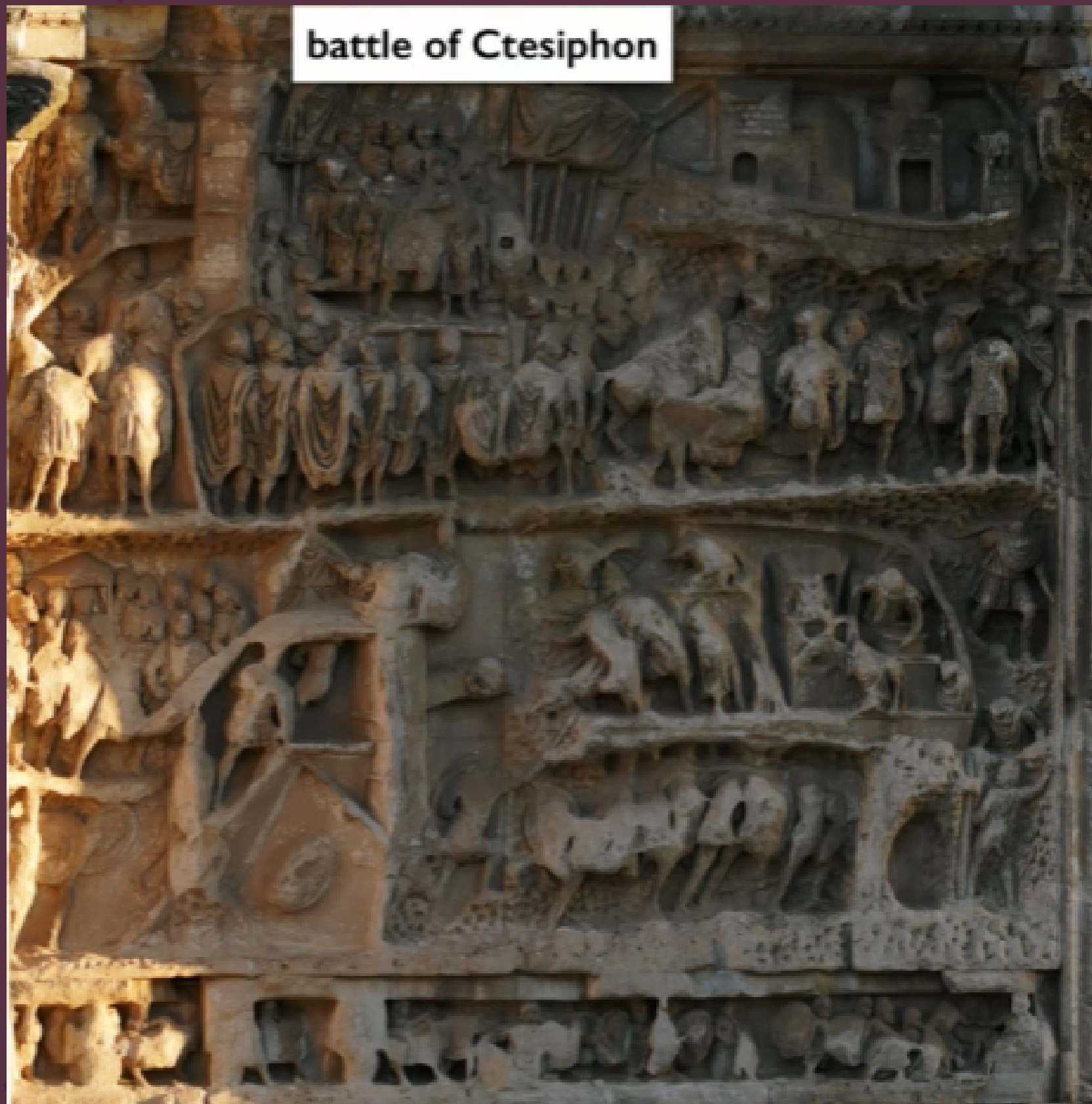
Arch of Septimius Severus, 203 C.E.



Coffer



battle of Ctesiphon



battle of Edessa(?)



Arch of Septimius Severus, 203 C.E.



Arch of Septimius Severus, 203 C.E.



Mars



Arch of Septimius Severus, 203 C.E.



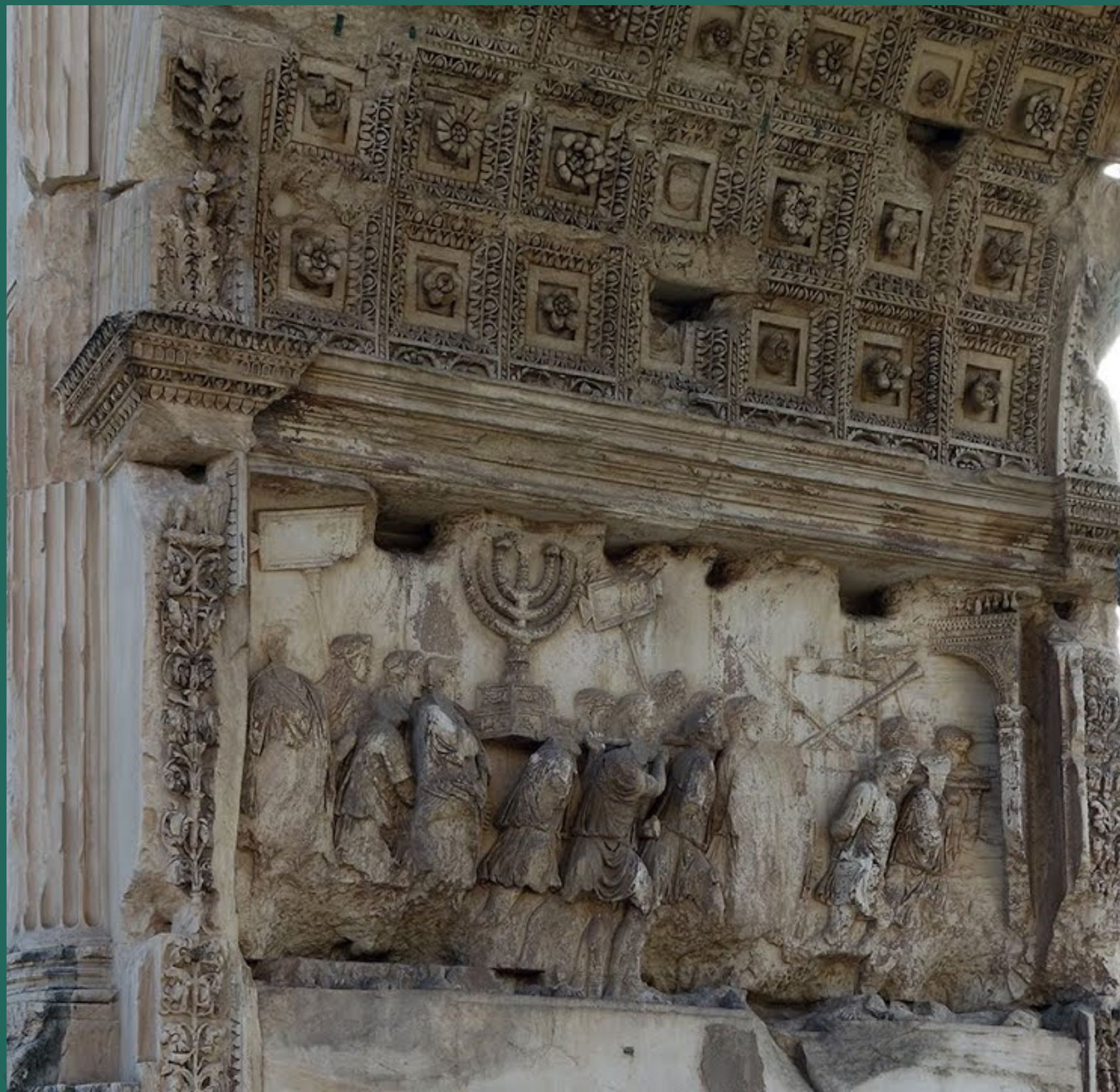
"The Senate and the Roman people (dedicate this) to the deified Titus Vespasian Augustus, son of the deified Vespasian."

"(This) monument, remarkable in terms of both religion and art, had weakened from age:

Pius the Seventh, Supreme Pontiff, by new works on the model of the ancient exemplar ordered it reinforced and preserved.

• In the 24th year of his sacred rulership. •"

Arch of Titus, 81 C.E.



Arch of Titus, 81 C.E.

Menorah

Coffer





Arch of Titus, 81 C.E.



Arch of Titus, 81 C.E.

Thank you!

The Presentation

